

<p>Lexia Strategies for Older Students™ ©2005 correlated to TX Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for English Language Arts and Reading Grade 5</p>	
<p>TX Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills for English Language Arts and Reading: Grade 5</p>	<p>Lexia Strategies for Older Students™ Activity</p>

<p>(5.1) Listening/speaking/purposes. The student listens actively and purposefully in a variety of settings.</p>	
<p>(A) determine the purposes for listening such as to gain information, to solve problems, or to enjoy and appreciate (4-8)</p>	
<p>(B) eliminate barriers to effective listening (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(C) understand the major ideas and supporting evidence in spoken messages (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.2) Listening/speaking/critical listening. The student listens critically to analyze and evaluate a speaker's message(s).</p>	
<p>(A) interpret speakers' messages (both verbal and nonverbal), purposes, and perspectives (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) identify and analyze a speaker's persuasive techniques such as promises, dares, and flattery (4-5);</p>	
<p>(C) distinguish between the speaker's opinion and verifiable fact (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(D) monitor his/her own understanding of the spoken message and seek clarification as needed (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.3) Listening/speaking/appreciation. The student listens to enjoy and appreciate spoken language.</p>	
<p>(A) listen to proficient, fluent models of oral reading, including selections from classic and contemporary works (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) describe how the language of literature affects the listener (4-5); and</p>	
<p>(C) assess how language choice and delivery affect the tone of the message (4-5).</p>	

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<p>(5.4) Listening/speaking/culture. The student listens and speaks to gain and share knowledge of his/her own culture, the culture of others, and the common elements of cultures.</p>	
<p>(A) connect his/her own experiences, information, insights, and ideas with the experiences of others through speaking and listening (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) compare oral traditions across regions and cultures (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(C) identify how language use such as labels and sayings reflects regions and cultures (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.5) Listening/speaking/audiences. The student speaks clearly and appropriately to different audiences for different purposes and occasions.</p>	
<p>(A) adapt spoken language such as word choice, diction, and usage to the audience, purpose, and occasion (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) demonstrate effective communications skills that reflect demands such as interviewing, reporting, requesting, and providing information (4-8);</p>	
<p>(C) present dramatic interpretations of experiences, stories, poems, or plays to communicate (4-8);</p>	
<p>(D) use effective rate, volume, pitch, and tone for the audience and setting (4-8);</p>	
<p>(E) give precise directions and instructions such as for games and tasks (4-5); and</p>	
<p>(F) clarify and support spoken ideas with evidence, elaborations, and examples (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.6) Reading/word identification. The student uses a variety of word identification strategies.</p>	

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<p>(A) apply knowledge of lettersound correspondences, language structure, and context to recognize words (4-8);</p>	<p>Level 1- Short Vowel Key Consonant Blast Master b, d, p Short Vowel Trap Short Vowel Spin</p> <p>Level 2- Letter Switch E- Maze Search & Spell Find & Combine Picture It</p> <p>Level 3- Sea Hunt At the Mall Add It Quick Link Trails West</p> <p>Level 4- Detect & File Success! Syllable Puzzler Winners Old & New</p> <p>Level 5- Anglo-Saxon Affixes Latin Affixes Special Accent Patterns Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>
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<p>(B) use structural analysis to identify root words with prefixes such as <i>dis-</i>, <i>non-</i>, and <i>in-</i>; and suffixes such as <i>-ness</i>, <i>-tion</i>, and <i>-able</i> (4-6); and</p>	<p>Level 5- Anglo-Saxon Affixes Latin Affixes Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>
<p>(C) locate the meanings, pronunciations, and derivations of unfamiliar words using dictionaries, glossaries, and other sources (4-8).</p>	<p>Level 5- Special Accent Patterns Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>
<p>(5.7) Reading/fluency. The student reads with fluency and understanding in texts at appropriate difficulty levels.</p>	
<p>(A) read regularly in independent-level materials (texts in which no more than approximately 1 in 20 words is difficult for the reader) (5);</p>	<p>Level 2- Picture It</p> <p>Level 4- Winners Old & New</p>
<p>(B) read regularly in instructional-level materials that are challenging but manageable (texts in which no more than approximately 1 in 10 words is difficult for the reader; a "typical" 5th grader reads approximately 100 wpm) (5);</p>	

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<p>(C) demonstrate characteristics of fluent and effective reading (4-6);</p>	<p>Level 1- Short Vowel Spin</p> <p>Level 2- Letter Switch Find & Combine</p> <p>Level 3- Sea Hunt At the Mall Add It</p> <p>Level 4- Success! Winners Old & New</p> <p>Level 5- Anglo-Saxon Affixes Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>
<p>(D) adjust reading rate based on purposes for reading (4-8);</p>	
<p>(E) read aloud in selected texts in ways that both reflect understanding of the text and engage the listeners (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(F) read silently with increasing ease for longer periods (4- 8).</p>	
<p>(5.8) Reading/variety of texts. The student reads widely for different purposes in varied sources.</p>	
<p>(A) read classic and contemporary works (2-8);</p>	
<p>(B) select varied sources such as nonfiction, novels, textbooks, newspapers, and magazines when reading for information or pleasure (4- 5); and</p>	

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<p>(C) read for varied purposes such as to be informed, to be entertained, to appreciate the writer's craft, and to discover models for his/her own writing (4-8).</p>	<p>Level 2- Picture It</p> <p>Level 4- Winners Old & New</p>
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(5.9) Reading/vocabulary development. The student acquires an extensive vocabulary through reading and systematic word study.

<p>(A) develop vocabulary by listening to selections read aloud (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) draw on experiences to bring meanings to words in context such as interpreting figurative language and multiple-meaning words (4- 5);</p>	
<p>(C) use multiple reference aids, including a thesaurus, a synonym finder, a dictionary, and software, to clarify meanings and usage (4-8);</p>	
<p>(D) determine meanings of derivatives by applying knowledge of the meanings of root words such as <i>like, pay, or happy</i> and affixes such as <i>dis-, pre-, and un-</i> (4-8); and</p>	<p>Level 5- Anglo-Saxon Affixes Latin Affixes Special Accent Patterns Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>
<p>(E) study word meanings systematically such as across curricular content areas and through current events (4-8).</p>	<p>Level 5- Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>

(5.10) Reading/comprehension. The student comprehends selections using a variety of strategies.

<p>(A) use his/her own knowledge and experience to comprehend (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) establish and adjust purposes for reading such as reading to find out, to understand, to interpret, to enjoy, and to solve problems (4-8);</p>	

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<p>(C) monitor his/her own comprehension and make modifications when understanding breaks down such as by rereading a portion aloud, using reference aids, searching for clues, and asking questions (4-8);</p>	<p>Level 2- Picture It</p> <p>Level 4- Winners Old & New</p>
<p>(D) describe mental images that text descriptions evoke (4- 8);</p>	
<p>(E) use the text's structure or progression of ideas such as cause and effect or chronology to locate and recall information (4-8);</p>	
<p>(F) determine a text's main (or major) ideas and how those ideas are supported with details (4-8);</p>	
<p>(G) paraphrase and summarize text to recall, inform, or organize ideas (4-8);</p>	
<p>(H) draw inferences such as conclusions or generalizations and support them with text evidence and experience (4-8);</p>	
<p>(I) find similarities and differences across texts such as in treatment, scope, or organization (4-8);</p>	
<p>(J) distinguish fact and opinion in various texts (4-8);</p>	
<p>(K) answer different types and levels of questions such as open-ended, literal, and interpretative as well as testlike questions such as multiple choice, true-false, and short-answer (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(L) represent text information in different ways such as in outline, timeline, or graphic organizer (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.11) Reading/literary response. The student expresses and supports responses to various types of texts.</p>	

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(A) offer observations, make connections, react, speculate, interpret, and raise questions in response to texts (4-8);	
(B) interpret text ideas through such varied means as journal writing, discussion, enactment, and media (4-8);	
(C) support responses by referring to relevant aspects of text and his/her own experiences (4-8); and	
(D) connect, compare, and contrast ideas, themes, and issues across text (4-8).	
(5.12) Reading/text structures/literary concepts. The student analyzes the characteristics of various types of texts (genres).	
(A) judge the internal consistency or logic of stories and texts such as "Would this character do this?"; "Does this make sense here ?" (4-5);	
(B) recognize that authors organize information in specific ways (4-5);	<p>Level 2- Picture It</p> <p>Level 4- Winners Old & New</p>
(C) identify the purposes of different types of texts such as to inform, influence, express, or entertain (4-8);	<p>Level 2- Picture It</p> <p>Level 4- Winners Old & New</p>
(D) recognize the distinguishing features of genres, including biography, historical fiction, informational texts, and poetry (4-8);	<p>Level 4- Winners Old & New</p>

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<p>(E) compare communication in different forms such as contrasting a dramatic performance with a print version of the same story or comparing story variants (2- 8);</p>	
<p>(F) understand and identify literary terms such as title, author, illustrator, playwright, theater, stage, act, dialogue and scene across a variety of literary forms (texts) (3-5);</p>	
<p>(G) understand literary forms by recognizing and distinguishing among such types of text as stories, poems, myths, fables, tall tales, limericks, plays, biographies, and autobiographies (3-7);</p>	<p>Level 4- Winners Old & New</p>
<p>(H) analyze characters, including their traits, motivations, conflicts, points of view, relationships, and changes they undergo (4-8);</p>	
<p>(I) recognize and analyze story plot, setting, and problem resolution (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(J) describe how the author's perspective or point of view affects the text (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.13) Reading/inquiry/research. The student inquires and conducts research using a variety of sources.</p>	
<p>(A) form and revise questions for investigations, including questions arising from interest and units of study (4-5);</p>	
<p>(B) use text organizers, including headings, graphic features, and tables of contents, to locate and organize information (4-8);</p>	

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<p>(C) use multiple sources, including electronic texts, experts, and print resources, to locate information relevant to research questions (4-8);</p>	
<p>(D) interpret and use graphic sources of information such as maps, graphs, time lines, tables, or diagrams to address research questions (4-5);</p>	
<p>(E) summarize and organize information from multiple sources by taking notes, outlining ideas, and making charts (4-8);</p>	
<p>(F) produce research projects and reports in effective formats using visuals to support meaning as appropriate (4-5);</p>	
<p>(G) draw conclusions from information gathered from multiple sources (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(H) use compiled information and knowledge to raise additional, unanswered questions (3-8).</p>	
<p>(5.14) Reading/culture. The student reads to increase knowledge of his/her own culture, the culture of others, and the common elements of cultures.</p>	
<p>(A) compare text events with his/her own and other readers' experiences (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) determine distinctive and common characteristics of cultures through wide reading (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(C) articulate and discuss themes and connections that cross cultures (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.15) Writing/purposes. The student writes for a variety of audiences and purposes, and in a variety of forms.</p>	
<p>(A) write to express, discover, record, develop, reflect on ideas, and to problem solve (4-8);</p>	

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<p>(B) write to influence such as to persuade, argue, and request (4-8);</p>	
<p>(C) write to inform such as to explain, describe, report, and narrate (4-8);</p>	
<p>(D) write to entertain such as to compose humorous poems or short stories (4-8);</p>	
<p>(E) exhibit an identifiable voice in personal narratives and in stories (4-5);</p>	
<p>(F) choose the appropriate form for his/her own purpose for writing, including journals, letters, reviews, poems, narratives, and instructions (4-5); and</p>	
<p>(G) use literary devices effectively such as suspense, dialogue, and figurative language (5-8).</p>	
<p>(5.16) Writing/pennmanship/capitalization/punctuation. The student composes original texts, applying the conventions of written language, including capitalization, punctuation, and pennmanship, to communicate clearly.</p>	
<p>(A) write legibly by selecting cursive or manuscript as appropriate (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(B) capitalize and punctuate correctly to clarify and enhance meaning such as capitalizing titles, using possessives, commas in a series, commas in direct address, and sentence punctuation (4-5).</p>	
<p>(5.17) Writing/spelling. The student spells proficiently.</p>	

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<p>(A) write with accurate spelling of syllable constructions, including closed, open, consonant before <i>-le</i>, and syllable boundary patterns (3-6);</p>	<p>Level 2- Find & Combine</p> <p>Level 3- Sea Hunt At the Mall Quick Link Trails West</p> <p>Level 4- Detect & File Syllable Puzzler</p> <p>Level 5- Anglo-Saxon Affixes Latin Affixes Special Accent Patterns Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>
<p>(B) write with accurate spelling of roots such as <i>drink, speak, read</i>, or <i>happy</i>, inflections such as those that change tense or number, suffixes such as <i>-able</i> or <i>-less</i>, and prefixes such as <i>re</i> or <i>un-</i> (4-6);</p>	<p>Level 3- Add It Trails West</p> <p>Level 5- Anglo-Saxon Affixes Latin Affixes Meaning Structures Greek Combining Forms</p>
<p>(C) use resources to find correct spellings (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(D) spell accurately in final drafts (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.18) Writing/grammar/usage. The student applies standard grammar and usage to communicate clearly and effectively in writing.</p>	
<p>(A) use regular and irregular plurals correctly (4-6);</p>	

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<p>(B) write in complete sentences, varying the types such as compound and complex to match meanings and purposes (4-5);</p>	
<p>(C) employ standard English usage in writing for audiences, including subject-verb agreement, pronoun referents, and parts of speech (4-8);</p>	
<p>(D) use adjectives (comparative and superlative forms) and adverbs appropriately to make writing vivid or precise (4-8);</p>	
<p>(E) use prepositional phrases to elaborate written ideas (4- 8);</p>	
<p>(F) use conjunctions to connect ideas meaningfully (4-5);</p>	
<p>(G) write with increasing accuracy when using apostrophes in contractions such as <i>it's</i> and possessives such as <i>Jan's</i> (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(H) write with increasing accuracy when using objective case pronouns such as "Can you ride with my mom and me?" (4-5).</p>	
<p>(5.19) Writing/writing processes. The student selects and uses writing processes for self-initiated and assigned writing.</p>	
<p>(A) generate ideas and plans for writing by using such prewriting strategies as brainstorming, graphic organizers, notes, and logs (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) develop drafts by categorizing ideas, organizing them into paragraphs, and blending paragraphs within larger units of text (4-8);</p>	
<p>(C) revise selected drafts by adding, elaborating, deleting, combining, and rearranging text (4-8);</p>	

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<p>(D) revise drafts for coherence, progression, and logical support of ideas (4-8);</p>	
<p>(E) edit drafts for specific purposes such as to ensure standard usage, varied sentence structure, and appropriate word choice (4- 8);</p>	
<p>(F) use available technology to support aspects of creating, revising, editing, and publishing texts (4-8);</p>	
<p>(G) refine selected pieces frequently to "publish" for general and specific audiences (4-8);</p>	
<p>(H) proofread his/her own writing and that of others (4- 8); and</p>	
<p>(I) select and use reference materials and resources as needed for writing, revising, and editing final drafts (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.20) Writing/evaluation. The student evaluates his/her own writing and the writing of others.</p>	
<p>(A) apply criteria to evaluate writing (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) respond in constructive ways to others' writing (4-8);</p>	
<p>(C) evaluate how well his/her own writing achieves its purposes (4-8);</p>	
<p>(D) analyze published examples as models for writing (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(E) review a collection of written works to determine its strengths and weaknesses and to set goals as a writer (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.21) Writing/inquiry/research. The student uses writing as a tool for learning and research.</p>	
<p>(A) frame questions to direct research (4-8);</p>	

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<p>(B) organize prior knowledge about a topic in a variety of ways such as by producing a graphic organizer (4-8);</p>	
<p>(C) take notes from relevant and authoritative sources such as guest speakers, periodicals, or on-line searches (4-8);</p>	
<p>(D) summarize and organize ideas gained from multiple sources in useful ways such as outlines, conceptual maps, learning logs, and timelines (4-8);</p>	
<p>(E) present information in various forms using available technology (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(F) evaluate his/her own research and raise new questions for further investigation (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.22) Writing/connections. The student interacts with writers inside and outside the classroom in ways that reflect the practical uses of writing.</p>	
<p>(A) collaborate with other writers to compose, organize, and revise various types of texts, including letters, news, records, and forms (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(B) correspond with peers or others via e-mail or conventional mail (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.23) Viewing/representing/interpretation. The student understands and interprets visual images, messages, and meanings.</p>	
<p>(A) describe how illustrators' choice of style, elements, and media help to represent or extend the text's meanings (4-8);</p>	
<p>(B) interpret important events and ideas gleaned from maps, charts, graphics, video segments or technology presentations (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(C) use media to compare ideas and points of view (4-8).</p>	

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<p>(5.24) Viewing/representing/analysis. The student analyzes and critiques the significance of visual images, messages, and meanings.</p>	
<p>(A) interpret and evaluate the various ways visual image makers such as graphic artists, illustrators, and news photographers represent meanings (4-5); and</p>	
<p>(B) compare and contrast print, visual, and electronic media such as film with written story (4-8).</p>	
<p>(5.25) Viewing/representing/production. The student produces visual images, messages, and meanings that communicate with others.</p>	
<p>(A) select, organize, or produce visuals to complement and extend meanings (4-8); and</p>	
<p>(B) produce communications using technology or appropriate media such as developing a class newspaper, multimedia reports, or video reports (4- 8).</p>	
<p><i>Source: The provisions of this §110.7 adopted to be effective September 1, 1998, 22 TexReg 7549.</i></p>	